

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting transitions in video comprising:
acquiring a video stream;
dividing said video stream into a plurality of sub-sections;
determining a probability of whether ~~a one or more synthesized transition effect is effects~~
are present at one of the plurality of sub-sections of said video stream, wherein
the one or more transition effects are of a specified number and a specified type;
and
embedding said probability into said sub-section of said video stream.
2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said determining said probability is performed by a classifier.
3. (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said classifier is provided a fixed-sized portion of said sub-section.
4. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1 further comprising outputting a location of said one or more transition effect-effects and a duration of said one or more transition effect-effects in said video stream.
5. (Cancelled)
6. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said transition is a dissolve, a fade, a wipe, a iris, a funnel, a mosaic, a roll, a door, a push, a peel, a rotate, or a special effect.

7-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) A method of processing video comprising:
- acquiring a first shot and a second shot from a plurality of video streams, said shots comprising a transition free video stream;
 - determining a duration of a transition sequence based on probability distribution, said transition sequence including one or more synthesized transition effects of a specified number and a specified type;
 - generating said transition sequence of said duration, the transition sequence having the one or more transition effects;
 - generating a video sequence comprising the transition sequence from said first shot to said second shot for said determined duration, wherein the transition sequence is inserted into the video sequence; and
 - training a classifier to detect a transition effect within said generated video sequence.
12. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 11 wherein said probability distribution represents a fixed duration.
13. (Original) The method of Claim 11 wherein said transition sequence is a dissolve, a fade, a wipe, a iris, a funnel, a mosaic, a roll, a door, a push, a peel, a rotate, or a special effect.

14-18. (Cancelled)

19-23. (Cancelled)

24-25. (Cancelled)

26. (Currently Amended) A machine-readable medium that provides instructions, which when executed by a set of one or more processors, cause said set of processors to perform operations comprising:
- acquiring one or more video streams and a probability distribution, said video stream including a shot description;
- determining a duration of a transition sequence according to said probability distribution, said transition sequence including one or more synthesized transition effects of a specified number and a specified type;
- selecting, at random, a first shot and a second shot from the one or more video streams, each shot being transition free;
- generating said transition sequence of said duration, said transition sequence including a one or more transition-effect effects; and
- training a classifier to detect said one or more transition effect-effects within said generated transition sequence.
27. (Currently Amended) The machine-readable medium of claim 26 wherein said one or more transition effect ~~includes effects~~ include a portion of said first shot and a portion of said second shot.
28. (Currently Amended) The machine-readable medium of claim 26 wherein said video transition sequence includes a portion of said first shot before said transition effect, said one or more transition-effect effects, and a portion of said second shot after said one or more transition-effect effects.
29. (Currently Amended) The machine-readable medium of claim 26 wherein said one or more transition effect ~~is effects~~ are a dissolve, a fade, a wipe, a iris, a funnel, a mosaic, a roll, a door, a push, a peel, a rotate, or a special effect.

30. (Currently Amended) The machine-readable medium of claim 26 further comprising:
training a classifier to detect said one or more transition ~~effect~~effects within said
generated transition sequence.
31. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 11, further comprising:
training a classifier to detect ~~a~~the one or more transition ~~effect~~effects within said
generated video sequence.
32. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:
a transition synthesizer module to generate a video sequence the video sequence
comprising a transition sequence having one or more synthesized transition
effects of a specified number and a specified type, wherein prior to generating the
video sequence, a duration of said transition sequence is determined based on a
probability distribution; and
a classifier module, the classifier module to be trained to identify a transition effect based
on the generated video sequence.
33. (Original) The system of claim 32, wherein the transition synthesizer module to generate
the video sequence using random video shots from a plurality of video streams, the video
shots being transition free.
34. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 32, wherein each synthesized transition effect
is associated with ~~a~~the duration based on ~~a~~the probability distribution.

35. (Original) The system of claim 32, wherein the training of the classifier module comprises re-scaling a time series of frame-based feature values associated with the generated video sequence.